

## Well Handled

By F. A. MITCHEL

Mr. and Mrs. Mortimer were wealthy and in the social swim. They were lovers, but Mr. Mortimer had been a gay boy in his time, and it was hard for him to settle down to an interest in one woman. He was an affectionate husband and would have scorned to deliberately prefer any woman to his wife. But he was human, and there were times when it appeared that polygamy would have suited his special makeup better than the single wife plan. For a number of years after his marriage his family were in danger of a breakup, for there are few women who will forgive a husband criminal inconstancy.

Nevertheless Mr. Mortimer was very much in love with his wife. His escapades were quite free from criminality, and there was not one of the women whom he favored with his attentions that he would have exchanged for his wife. He was simply unappreciative of the danger he was taking for the indulgence of an occasional whim of breaking up his home. It must be admitted that he realized the pain these indulgences would give his wife should she discover one of them.

Mrs. Mortimer employed a woman to come in before she went out to dinner or other functions to dress her. Mile. Lecroix was her name, and she was very pretty. Mr. Mortimer's peccadilloes had thus far been so trivial, his wife had been so sure of his affection, he was so devoted to his children, that she had had no uneasiness about him. But an incident happened soon after Mile. Lecroix began to make up the lady for the outside world to look at that seemed to cast a lurid light on the situation.

The French lady's hour for her manipulations was about the time that Mr. Mortimer got home, from downtown after business. He would let himself in at the front door with his latch key, hang up his coat and hat in the hall closet, then go upstairs to his wife's bedroom to give and receive the marital kiss. One afternoon when he came home to find Mile. Lecroix at her decorative work he advanced to do the kissing. Mrs. Mortimer usually sat before a large mirror on these occasions and could see her husband reflected in it as he approached. Her maid was so attentive in appearance that the lady, not overconfident in her husband, often kept an eye on his image from the time he entered the room, with a view to discovering any special greeting that might pass between the two. But on this occasion the day being warm Mrs. Mortimer was sitting before a window, and instead of using the mirror she held a hand glass.

When Mr. Mortimer entered the hand glass was resting on his wife's lap. The French girl turned as he entered, and at the same time the wife raised the glass. It was only for a second that she caught the reflection of her husband's face, but it was enough.

Neither Mr. Mortimer nor the maid saw the convulsive clutch Mrs. Mortimer gave the mirror, nor did they see her lower it. She had their secret, but they did not have hers. Mr. Mortimer came around beside her and kissed her, receiving the usual response, though he thought her lips were a trifle cold.

"Anything new downtown, dear?" asked the wife casually.

"Nothing special. Stocks have been better today."

"Well, you'll find the things in the sidebar, I wouldn't take more than one today. You know we're going to the Spencers, and they have a great deal of wine on the table."

"Right, dear. Shall I bring you up one?"

"No, thanks. I'll have to take one before dinner."

Mr. Mortimer went to the sidebar, never dreaming that he had been found out. Later he and his wife dined out, and he remarked that he had seldom seen her in such good spirits.

A few days later Mrs. Mortimer was being decorated for another function, when the latch key was heard in the lock below. The decorator stood behind the lady's chair dressed in spotless white, and the lady herself was on this occasion also in white. They were not far from the same height and build. As soon as Mrs. Mortimer heard the sounds below she sprang out of her chair and ordered the maid to get into it. Miss Lecroix wonderingly obeyed. Mr. Mortimer came up and entered the room, the woman standing behind the chair keeping her face turned from him. Going to the side of her whom he supposed to be his wife he bent down to kiss her. The scream that greeted him and a burst of laughter from the woman behind the chair caused him to look up at his wife.

He knew at once that the conditions between him and Miss Lecroix had been discovered. Without a word he left the room.

When the couple were at dinner, the children having gone up to bed, Mr. Mortimer said:

"Sweetheart, there's no harm done, I assure you on my word of honor. Possibly there might have been, for that young woman is a siren. Please get rid of her at once. The danger to you and the children and, most of all, to me has passed, and it will never return. Why should it, since I have discovered by your handling of this incident that there's not another woman in the world equal to you?"

And it didn't.

## A CARD

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50-cent bottle of Greene's Warranted Syrup of Tar, if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory, or money refunded.

Red Cross Pharmacy, E. A. Brown, C. H. Kendrick & Co., D. F. Davis, George L. Edison, J. D. McArthur, W. B. Miles & Co., McAllister Bros., D. C. Howard, J. A. Cumming, Barre Drug Store, J. W. Parmenter.

## A SCHOONER OF MYSTERY

Is Held By Officials at Santiago for Investigation

HAD SHIPPED FROM BOSTON

Discrepancies Between the Schooner's Papers and Conditions Found on Board Resulted in Inquiry by Cuban Customs Officials.

Boston, March 22.—Dispatches from Havana, Cuba, indicate that the mysterious schooner Ned P. Walker, which fitted out and sailed from this port Feb. 20 on a secret mission, has been held up by the port authorities at Santiago de Cuba.

The Havana reports that her errand is to obtain scrap iron from the Spanish warships destroyed off Santiago.

Discrepancies between the schooner's papers and the conditions found on board by the authorities have resulted in an investigation by the Cuban customs officials. Immigration officers found that the craft had six persons on board, although eight were registered. The presence of 100 cases of dynamite on board a ship whose papers indicated that she had sailed in ballast is another point to be cleared up.

The captain of the schooner informed the authorities that he had permission from Washington to strip the Spanish hulks of their iron if the Cuban government did not object and that he intended to use dynamite for wrecking the hulks.

It has been rumored in Santiago that the craft has been cruising off the coast for several days and she was suspected of being a filibuster loaded with munitions of war for the Haytian revolutionists.

The Ned P. Walker attracted much attention when fitting out at Commercial wharf here recently for what was rumored to be a treasure hunting cruise. Extreme secrecy marked the preparations for her cruise, and a savage bulldog picked up along the water front dampened the ardor of the curious. Ample provisions for a long cruise, powerful hoisting machinery, dynamite, diving apparatus and salvage machinery constituted the cargo. Expert divers and submarine workers were enrolled as members of the crew.

She is owned by Edward McGrath and Robert Smith of this city, incorporated as the Boston Wrecking company. Robert Smith, who is in Cuba, denies that the craft is a filibuster or engaged in iron smuggling. He says that all the laws and regulations of Cuba have been observed by the schooner, and he fears no trouble.

## SIX SURVIVORS REACHED BOSTON

They Were From The Schooner Patriotic, Which Went On The Rocks Off Jordan Bay, N. S., On March 15.

Boston, March 22.—Six of the 10 survivors of the fishing schooner Patriotic, which ran upon the rocks at Gull Rock ledge, Jordan Bay, N. S., the night of March 15, drowning 10 of the crew, arrived here yesterday afternoon on the steamer Boston, from Yarmouth. They were sent home as convalescents by the United States consul at Yarmouth. Those who arrived were Harry Burke of 160 Eighth street, South Boston; Ernest Ellis, cook 482 Shawmut avenue;



## Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills

will help you, as they have helped others.

Good for all kinds of pain.

Used to relieve Neuralgia, Headache, Nervousness, Rheumatism, Sciatica, Kidney Pains, Lumbago, Locomotor Ataxia, Backache, Stomachache, Cursickness, Irritability and for pain in any part of the body.

"I have always been subject to neuralgia and have suffered from it for years. While visiting my son and suffering from one of the old attacks, he brought me a box of Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills. I used them as directed and after taking them it was the first time in years the neuralgia ceased from the use of medicine." MRS. E. C. HOWARD.

402 Greene St., Dowagiac, Mich. At all druggists. 25 doses 25c. 50 doses 50c. 100 doses 1.00. DR. J. C. MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

## Reputation

proves value. Tested throughout three generations—known the world over as the most reliable preventive and corrective of stomach, liver, bowel troubles—an unequalled reputation has been secured by

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Sold everywhere. In boxes 10c., 25c.

## SYMPTOMS OF THIN BLOOD

How Building Up the Blood Makes Weak, Nervous People Strong and Robust.

Have you ever stopped to consider what is the meaning of the various symptoms from which you are suffering? Certainly the paleness, pain in the back, headaches, loss of appetite, nervousness, shortness of breath must have some one cause. They are not diseases in themselves but are complaints and warnings from the different organs of the body that these organs are not being supplied with pure blood and cannot do their daily work well.

To be in good health a person must always have good, rich blood. Every tissue of the body depends upon it for nourishment and strength. Knowledge of this fact makes possible a direct treatment for the various disorders from which we suffer. You can cure yourself by making your blood pure with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People.

Mrs. L. F. Lothrop, of Union street, Stoughton, Mass., says: "No one could have been more benefited by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People than I have. I had been treated by many different physicians but without help. My nerves were prostrated. For a long time my back was so weak that I could not get up from my chair. When I got so I could stand up, I was troubled with dizziness. I had to walk very slowly and was in constant fear of falling. My friends thought I was going into consumption. I was emaciated and reduced in weight to 98 pounds. I was unable to read about Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People and got a box. They helped me and I used them until cured. From a poor, weak, nervous woman, I have become a strong, robust woman. I have had no physician for a number of years. I would recommend Dr. Williams' Pink Pills to anyone suffering from any disease resulting from impoverished blood or weakness from any cause."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People should be used in anemia, chlorosis or green sickness, sick headache, nervousness and for a general run-down condition of the health.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are for sale at all druggists, or will be mailed to any address, postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box; six boxes for \$2.50, by the Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

Our new booklet, "Diseases of the Blood," will be sent free on request.

Freeman Nickerson of Everett, Nelson Hilton and Alphonso Londregan of Boston and William H. Malone of Gloucester. Ellis was sent to the Carney hospital immediately after his arrival, for treatment for a broken shoulder sustained in trying to escape from the breaking ship to a dory.

At the pier, yesterday morning, Mrs. William Gill of 288 East Ninth street, South Boston, and Mrs. Michael Jennings of 9 Third street, South Boston, met the survivors of the Patriotic and learned for the first time of the fate of their husbands, who were among the lost. The four survivors who remained at Yarmouth were Eben Devine, Stephen O'Connell, George Suratt, Ashton Turpin. The dead are Capt. William Harding, John and Albert Goodwin, Michael Jennings, William Gill, Holman Hopkins, Joseph Nickerson, Frank Perry, George Sharpe and Joseph Robisheau.

## WILEY CALLED DRUG MEN "DOPPERS," BUT RELENTS

After It Had Seemed That They Would Come to Blows, He Consented to Withdraw the Term.

Washington, D. C., March 22.—Dr. Harvey W. Wiley, appearing yesterday as a private citizen before the pure food board in advocacy of a regulation guarding very strictly the use and sale of opium, morphine, cocaine and other habit-forming drugs, aroused the anger of drug representatives by referring to them as "doppers." A heated argument ensued and for a moment it looked as if blows might be passed.

After several interchanges, Dr. Wiley consented to withdraw the term "doppers," but said he would still insist on calling them "manufacturers of poison."

"For that," he added, "is what you yourselves are willing to have these drugs and preparations containing them called."

As soon as the former chief chemist had used the word "doppers," John J. Queney of St. Louis, a manufacturer of saccharine, jumped to his feet, objecting.

"We came here," he declared, "to be given a hearing; we are respectable manufacturers, and we do not want to be insulted. I think the board should compel Dr. Wiley to withdraw his remarks."

"I refuse to withdraw it," came back the doctor.

But after further discussion by several present, with whom he said he had pleasant relations, Dr. Wiley modified his language.

## Milady's Toilet Table

By MRS. D. M. LILLE

Enlarged pores, dark and discolored patches and similar blemishes of the complexion disappear in a week or ten days if a solution made by dissolving an original package of maytose in a half pint of witch hazel is rubbed on the face, neck and arms each morning. This is a true complexion beautifier and should be used regularly instead of powder or other cosmetic. It preserves youthful charms and keeps the skin soft, smooth and white.

Dry shampooing keeps the hair soft, wavy and richly lustrous. Too much water streaks and fades the hair and makes it dry and brittle. To make a shampoo powder, put a cupful of cornmeal in a fruit jar and mix with it a small original package of theroc. Sprinkle a little on the head and brush it out thoroughly. The powder comes out easily and takes all dirt, dandruff and excess oil with it.

To remove superfluous hairs from face or forearms, simply apply delatone paste. Mix enough powdered delatone with water to cover the hairs; apply and after two or three minutes wipe off, wash the skin and the hairs will be gone. This treatment is safe, speedy and sure.

Colds, catarrh and ordinary cases of sore throat, bronchitis, tonsillitis, croup, stiff neck and asthma yield quickly to applications of Mother's Salve, rubbed in well before retiring. The world never saw its equal as a household remedy. It gives almost instant relief from aches, pains and sores.

## FEDERAL ARMS ARE HELD UP

U. S. Neutrality Proclamation Affects Madero

SEIZED NEAR THE BORDER

Port of Juarez Closed So Tight Rebels There Cannot Even Get Food From United States—Army Completely Cut Off.

Marfa, Tex., March 22.—Three hundred high-power rifles and 70,000 rounds of ammunition intended for the use of the federal garrison at Ojuingana, Mexico, were seized by United States customs officers five miles from the border yesterday.

Ojuingana, it is understood, is the next port of entry for which the rebels will contest. The garrison at that town, which is directly across the Rio Grande from Presidio, Tex., is composed of 400 men under arms and several companies of unarmed volunteers.

El Paso, Tex., March 22.—Gen. Orozco and his rebel army are now completely cut off from supplies of arms and food from the United States with the closing of the port of Juarez by federal officers here. Acting under instructions from Washington, Collector of Customs Sharpe and Col. Steever included food supplies in the embargo and as a result all shipments through Juarez have been held up. Orozco's army is expected to be badly handicapped by the embargo on food, as many of the rebels' supplies were brought in through Juarez. Following the announcement of the closing of the port several small anti-American riots broke out in the Mexican city. As a result, Americans are being warned to stay away from Juarez.

Two Americans and a Mexican are under arrest here, charged with trying to smuggle ammunition across the border to the rebels. James McKay had 400 rounds of ammunition in a canvas vest under his coat when he was seized by the soldiers. John Thomas was caught with eighty rounds of rifle ammunition and thirteen rounds of revolver ammunition, and forty rounds of ammunition were found on James Costa, a Mexican.

According to report here, Gen. Orozco has ordered the destruction of all property belonging to the Madero family in Mexico.

Chihuahua, Mex., March 22.—The city of Parral, the third largest in the state of Chihuahua, is in the hands of the rebels, having been occupied without any resistance, by Gen. Orozco's men. The federal garrison, under command of Gen. Jose de Lazota, gave the rebel column a warm welcome and enlisted with the revolutionists.

Gen. Orozco now claims to have 15,000 men under arms in Chihuahua and is completing his plans for the southern march to Mexico City. Lack of arms and ammunition is troubling the rebel leader, but he expects to have sufficient to supply his entire force by today, when the advance may begin. A clash with the federals is expected around Hermosillo or Escalon. Orozco asserts that several of the federal commanders will join his army before the fighting begins.

The issuance of \$1,200,000 state bonds to finance the revolution is planned by a committee of the Chihuahua legislature. Local banks and capitalists are expected to take up the entire issue.

Washington, March 22.—With the closing of the port of Juarez by the federal authorities Tuesday, government officers here expected the rebels to try to obtain their supplies by shipments from the gulf coast. To prevent this, instructions have been issued by the state and treasury departments to all customs authorities to be on the look-out for such shipments. It is likely that the revenue cutters will be brought into service to prevent any filibustering expeditions.

The holding up of a shipment of 90,000 pounds of dynamite for the use of a mining company in Mexico by the federal authorities at El Paso has been approved by the state and treasury departments. The company's representatives offered to give assurances that the explosive was for their own use, but the government officers held that under President Taft's proclamation it must be held up on the ground that it might fall into the hands of the rebels.

Senator Root of New York has offered an amendment to the immigration bill which is soon to be acted on in the Senate, calling for the deportation of aliens who conspire for the violent overthrow of any government recognized by the United States. This action is aimed at the Mexican juntas that have been operating in Texan cities.

Undermyer Testifies to Method Pursued in Recalling of Loan.

New York, March 22.—When the trial of John E. Parsons, Washington, B. Thomas and other directors of the American Sugar Refining company, charged with violation of the criminal clause of the Sherman anti-trust law, was resumed in the United States district court yesterday, Samuel Undermyer, the lawyer, was called to the stand by the government.

Mr. Undermyer was engaged as attorney in June, 1903, by Adolph Segal when Segal learned it was the American Sugar Refining company that loaned him the \$125,000 for which he surrendered the controlling interest in the Pennsylvania Sugar Refining company, which the defendants are charged with closing.

Mr. Undermyer said he went to see John E. Parsons, chief counsel for the American Sugar Refining company, regarding a notification of sale of Segal's stock, and Mr. Parsons told him the company had waited long enough for the money.

"Well, unless the refinery can be opened, Mr. Segal will never be able to pay," Undermyer said he told Parsons.

DESCRIPTS HOW SUGAR TRUST OUSTED SEGAL

Undermyer Testifies to Method Pursued in Recalling of Loan.

New York, March 22.—When the trial of John E. Parsons, Washington, B. Thomas and other directors of the American Sugar Refining company, charged with violation of the criminal clause of the Sherman anti-trust law, was resumed in the United States district court yesterday, Samuel Undermyer, the lawyer, was called to the stand by the government.

Mr. Undermyer was engaged as attorney in June, 1903, by Adolph Segal when Segal learned it was the American Sugar Refining company that loaned him the \$125,000 for which he surrendered the controlling interest in the Pennsylvania Sugar Refining company, which the defendants are charged with closing.

Mr. Undermyer said he went to see John E. Parsons, chief counsel for the American Sugar Refining company, regarding a notification of sale of Segal's stock, and Mr. Parsons told him the company had waited long enough for the money.

"Well, unless the refinery can be opened, Mr. Segal will never be able to pay," Undermyer said he told Parsons.

## Mr Dooley Richard Harding Davis Mary Wilkins Freeman Boston Sunday Globe

Among the many features in next Sunday's Globe will be:

## MR DOOLEY On the Discovery of the South Pole

NEXT SUNDAY'S GLOBE

Readers of Mr Dooley can easily imagine what an opportunity Capt Amundsen's achievement gives the King of American Humorists. Dooley is always great, but never greater than next Sunday. Be sure not to miss him in next Sunday's Globe.

## Richard Harding Davis And Mary Wilkins Freeman

Are two of the principal contributors to the Handsome Family Magazine given away with next Sunday's Globe. "The Mind Reader" by the former, and "The Dresden Vase" by the latter, are two inimitable pieces of fiction by acknowledged masters of the short story.

## Growing! Growing! In Popularity Every Week

Be sure to read next Sunday's Boston Globe.

Order from your newsdealer today

## BILLIONS OF TONS OF IRON ORE FOUND

Discovery Of Mother Lode Of Red Hematite In The Blue Ridge Mountains of Pennsylvania.

New York, March 22.—A Pittsburgh dispatch to The Sun says:

An immense deposit of highest grade iron ore, conservatively estimated at more than a billion tons, has been found in the heart of Pennsylvania. The mother lode of red hematite ore which scientists for many years have believed lay somewhere in southern Pennsylvania has been located almost at the door of the largest steel and iron industries of the world. It is said by geologists and engineers who have made investigation, that it is the most startling discovery since the discovery of gold in 1849 and is destined to mark a new era in the steel and iron industry of this country. The ore is in Ayr township, Fulton county, in three spurs of the Blue Ridge mountains known as

Meadow Ground mountains, Lowry's Knob and Dickie mountain, one hundred miles from Baltimore, two hundred miles from Philadelphia and two hundred and forty miles by rail from Pittsburgh.

The most remarkable thing about it is the fact that there are three kinds of ore: red hematite, estimated at more than 250,000,000 tons, brown hematite in about the same quantity, and carbonate of iron to the extent of more than half a billion tons. Near by are immense deposits of the best limestone and plenty of water, so that everything for the manufacture of iron is on the ground except coal, and it is only a few miles distant.

J. N. Crossland of New Florence, Pa., a mining engineer and geologist of thirty years' experience, was led to enter Fulton county last fall in the hope that he might be able to find an extension of the Broad Top coal vein, and while prospecting, he came across a strange geological formation in what is known as Meadow mountain. Becoming interested he began to investigate and soon came upon nodules of ore known to geologists as "iron ore float," and after careful investigation, reached the conclusion that there were valuable de-

posits of iron ore in the mountain and vicinity.

In summing up his findings, the engineer says: "It is not a disseminated body of ore, but is an immense mass of iron ore with the dross burned out, hundreds of millions of tons, not excelled by any ore mined in the United States to-day in high percentage of metallic iron, and its purity a true Bessemer ore."

More than fifty assays have been made from samples taken from as many different places, by eminent chemists, including the chemist of the university of Pittsburgh, showing an average percentage of metallic iron ranging from 57 to 63 per cent.

## BUTT SEES POPE.

Gives Pontiff Autograph Letter from Taft.

Rome, March 22.—Major Archibald Butt, military aide to President Taft, and who is in Europe traveling for his health, was given an audience yesterday by the pope. He presented the pontiff with an autograph letter from President Taft.

## Crawford Ranges

When you "dump" your old fire do you dump it into an ash pan? And then strew the floor and the cellar stairs with ashes when you carry it away?

Wouldn't a deep Hod—big enough to hold the ashes, easy and cleanly to carry—be better?

Crawford Ranges have the Ash Hod. It catches all of the ashes and can be emptied without spilling. Same size as the Coal Hod beside it. This feature is patented and only Crawford Ranges have it.

The Single Damper (patented) and the Oven heated in all parts alike by the scientific Cup-Joint heat flues are other Crawford trouble and money savers. Send for the illustrated pamphlet.

For Sale by C. W. AVERILL & CO. Barre Agents.

WALKER &amp; PRATT MFG. CO., MAKERS, BOSTON

